Extract of a letter from (Scot.) of a recent date received by the ship Fancy.

"Since this war commenced, Bankruptcies to a great extent have occurred, and are still occurring in London, Manchester, Liverpool, Greenock, and Glasgo. In Greenock, about 43 bankrupts, in Glasgow near 200 have taken place since its commencement—two of the houses have failed for about half a million each. One of the New Castle Banks, the Berwick Bank, the Darlington, the Derham, of the Carlisle Banks, and several others in England have failed. All our Scotch Banks stand steady indeed the English Banks are not on such a good footing as the Scotch, as they have to give an exclusive privilege to the Bank of England. No Bank can be erected there to consist of more than five partners. These, of course, are men often engaged in other trades and their Stock in the Bank is but small. In Scotland a Bank consists of as many partners as they please, with a given capital which none of the partners can draw out for their own particular use; nor get bills discounted, but by having other names than their own on the paper.

COMMERCIALLY IMPORTANT.

Capt Johnson, arrived at Boston from Hamburg, has furnished the following paper.

CIRCULAR.

Hamburgh August 11.

To the captains and Supercargoes of such vessels of the United States of America as may present themselves at the mouth of the Elbe, being destined for the port of Hamburgh.

Gentlemen,

At the present unforeseen and very difficult crisis, an indifference to the commercial interests of my country would be highly reprehensible in me. I have therefore thought proper to convene the Merchants of this city who are in habits of business with those of the United States, and to ask their opinion as to the measures which ought to be adopted. Happily for me, I have found my own impressions strengthened by this deliberation—The object of this communication is not to dictate, or controul but merely to advise you, as to the line of conduct, which it will be most prudent for you to observe, under existing circumstances.

In the first place, I would recommend your going into the nearest neutral port, which you may be allowed to enter:—In this you will attend to the orders you may receive from the blockading squadron, but avoid entering the ports of any of the Belligerent powers, except constrained to do it by superior force, or necessity. As this circumstance will much increase the risk you may be obliged to incur in any subsequent change of destination

To those of you who may not have pilots, or be well acquainted with the Danish coast, it is well to observe that the river Eyder, is not navigable by vessels drawing more than ten feet water. On your arrival in the nearest neutral port as above recommended, should your cargo entirely be consigned to one house, you will write them for instructions and such arrangements for an additional freight and insurance in case of carrying it to another port, as prudence may suggest. Should it be addressed to several consignees, in forwarding a copy of your manifest to me, I shall communicate it to them and cheerfully lend my aid for the common interests of all concerned.

I am, &c.

J. M. FORBES,

Consul of the United States of America.

Important letter from the American consul at Algiers to the American consul at Cadiz.

Circular.

Algiers, Aug. 2d

"I have to inform you, that this moment has entered this port two galoctas, Tripoline corsairs, with three lateen sails and carry 4 guns, from 50 to 60 men, each, 13 benches of oars; they came from the eastward, will sail in a few days for the coast of Spain, no doubt in search of American unarmed merchant vessels. You will give this information to the masters of American merchant vessels, and to all whom it may concern in the port of your district, and adjacent, and to the captains of any of the United States ships of war, which can be informed in time to prevent the threatened evil, and to search with vigilance for these marooning crafts.

I am, with respect,

Your obedient servant,

(signed) RICHARD O'BRIAN.

JOSEF YZNARDI, Esq. Cadiz."

Extract of a letter from the captain of the ship South-Carolina, to his owners, dated Havre, August 17, 1803.

"I wrote you from Fecamp three days after my arrival here, but did not mention that all Americans are embargoed for want of certificates of their cargoes from the French Consul, certifying that they do not consist of the manufactory or produce of Great Britain, nor any of the colonies. This order of the French government was passed during my passage, for which reason it was out of my power to procure one.

"In this situation we are detained, without having liberty either to discharge or depart with the same cargo. I have been in Paris for three weeks, using all the interest that lay in my power, with that of Mr. Livingston, our minister, and many others of great interest, but all to no purpose; but expect soon to get through with it one way or other, either to return with the same cargo, or discharge.

"The business is all transacted through the hands of the first consul, who presides over the civil as well as military departments.

August 20.

"I have just returned from the Tribunal respecting the suit with the consignees of the cargo; it has been plead upon both sides, and waits the determination of the judge, which will be on Monday next, whether the consignees shall pay demurrage or not. I think there is no doubt of a favorable decision. At any rate, I will be obliged to return with the same cargo for New York, as the French government is determined to enforce the law."

FRENCH AMITY.

Schooner Monongahela Farmer, capt. Muller, From Trinidad—arrived at New-York, on Sunday last—"August 28, lat. 12, 20, lon. 62, 15, was brought to by a French privateer of two carriage guns and 25 men. While going under her lee, they inhumanly fired 3 guns and several vollies of small arms, some of which struck the vessel; treated us with the most abominable language, swearing we should pay double for the shot they fired, their only plea for plundering the vessel—on the captain's going on board with the papers, he was confined below by a guard fixed at the companion; the boat returned with 8 armed ruffians, who immediately began plundering; they broke open a hhd. of sugar, and took about 400 lb. all the cabin stores, several pieces of linen, & 23 dolls. from the capt. It would be too tedious to enter into a minute description of this sanguinary banditti; suffice it to say, that after pilfering what came in their way, they returned on board the privateer, released the captain, and suffered us to proceed. August 30, was brought to by a French privateer of four guns and 40 men—they put out boat and came on board; treated us with very abusive language, and on their leaving the vessel, had the niggardliness to plunder the cook—After detaining us one hour, permitted us to proceed."

Boston, Oct. 3.

Further from Europe.

Yesterday arrived at this port the regular trading ship Galen, capt. Robert Hinckley. She left London the 25th Aug. and the lands End 2d Sept. The papers received by this arrival are to the 25th Aug. which is one day later than those received by the Calisto; but they contain no additional intelligence of any moment.

London Prices current to the 23d, & Lloyds lists to the 25th Aug. are also received by this arrival.

Passengers in the Galen—Saml. Cabot, Esq. Richard Peters, Esq. of Philadelphia, Dr. Nathanl. Chapman, of Virginia, Thomas Elwyn, Esq. of Portsmouth, N. H. Mr. Wm. Elwyn, of London, Lt. Edward Wyer, and Mr. John P. Parker, of this place.

London, August. 25.

A Dutch and Hamburgh mail arrived yesterday without bringing any very important intelligence. Indeed the German papers are more then usually deficient in the reports of negociations in the Cabinet, or movements among the forces of any of the Northern powers. Nothing at all is said of the Russian fleet, or of any intention of its leaving the Baltic. Indeed we have uniformly thought that the speculations in this country respecting the aid of Russia against France, was over sanguine.

The report of the royal standard being about to be raised in the western departments of France, under the French princes, or their officers, gains ground. It is said, that Pichegru, as well as Dumourier, has been consulted by the Princes of France.

It was mentioned yesterday, that the French troops in garrison at Dunkirk & Boulogne, and other parts in the North, have shown symptoms of aversion to Bonaparte's government.

A Kingston (Jam.) paper, of the 17th ult.—says "Thursday evening arrived at Port-Royal, the sloop Justice, captain Vincent, from Jeremie, with dispatches from the governor and admiral. The present rulers there, it appears, are anxious for a commercial intercourse with this Island; they have lowered the republican colors, and hoisted a blue and red flag (horizontal,) under which the Justice entered Port-Royal harbor. It is now stiled, the independent government of St. Domingo."

LONDON, August 24.

A cabinet council was held yesterday upon the subject of some dispatches received from the continent the day before. The report in the political circles is, that the mediation offered by Russia has entirely failed. The final proposition made by his Imperial majesty was, that France should withdraw her troops from Holland and Hanover; that Malta should remain for ten years in our hands; and that it should then be delivered up to the order of St. John of Jerusalem, under a guarantee for its future independence. The proposition, it is said, was coolly received by both the belligerent powers. Since the failure of the negociation, with a view to relieve the north of Germany from the distress its commerce sustains by the navigation of the Elbe and Weser being interrupted, the emperor of Russia has caused it to be signified to France, that unless the French troops be withdrawn from these rivers and from Hanover, his Imperial majesty will find himself under the necessity of adopting, in conjunction with the powers most immediately interested, compulsory measures to remove the grievance, and alleviate the distresses so loudly complained of by their respective subjects.

While the chief consul may be meditating the overthrow of British sway in Ireland, a very serious plan is on foot here to destroy consular tyranny in France. A few days ago a council of seven of the French princes was held, at which Pichegru was present, together with Dumourier, who sometime ago reconciled himself to the king of France, and took the oath of allegiance to him. With a view to an expedition, Dumourier is certainly come to this country. The royal standard is to be erected in France, under those generals, who will be accompanied by some of the French princes. All the emigrants, who have, within these few years, returned to France, hate the consul, and his upstart pillaging profligates. It is well known that these emigrants possess a great influence over the minds of the people, all of whom affect to be sufferers by the revolution, fallen noblesse, ruined royalists, &c.

There is undoubtedly a strong royalist party in France, which has lately manifested its disposition by acts that have alarmed the chief consul, and brought him back to Paris. General Donadieu was arrested in Holland as a partizan in this enterprize, to which we wish the fullest success. Moreau too, it will be recollected, was some years ago accused of being engaged in a project to restore royalty, with general Pichegru.

PARIS, August 17, 1803.

Yesterday the Chief Consul gave an audience to the Grand Bodies of the state. Citizen *Riouffe*, President of the Tribune, in offering his congratulations on the return of the First Consul at *Paris*, said "Yes, the whole nation, Citizen Consul, requests you to hasten the moment when the violaters of treaties shall learn, that courage never deliberates whether it shall fight on foot or on horseback, by land or by sea."

AUG. 25. The Patriotic Fund raising at Lloyd's Coffee House yesterday amounted to upwards of 155,000l. sterling, including 20,000l. 3 per cent. consuls subscribed from the fund of the underwriters. The object of this fund is to reward those subject of the United Empire who may suffer or signalize themselves in the present contest with the public enemy. The committee have already purchased 180,000l. in the three pe. cents

Yesterday, Letters of Marque and Reprisal were issued against the Ligurian and Italian Republics.

Such of the inhabitants of the city of Washington as are desirous of accommodating members of Congress with boarding, are requested to leave their address with the subscriber at the Capitol, as soon as convenient.

THOS. CLAXTON.

October 10. 3t

LOOKING GLASSES.

CONVEX Mirrors, girandoles, toilet glasses, elegant prints, prints and window glass, lampblack, cabinet ware. Printing Ink of a superior quality, &c. &c. for sale on reasonable terms for cash or approved paper at Mr. William Worthington's Pennsylvania Avenue, near the West Market, by

JOHN M'ELWEE.

October 10. 3t

WAS committed to the goal of Baltimore county as a run away, on the 3d inst a negro man by the name of GEORGE FAIR FAX—he is about 17 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, dark complection, bow legged, has a scar over his right eye, and has lost two of his upper foreteeth; he has on a country made cotton shirt and nankeen trowsers—he says he belongs to Mr Priestly Wright, living in Westmoreland county Virginia, near Cole Carter's mill. If his owner does not release him he will be sold for his goal fees, according to law.

James Wilson, Sheriff.

September 12. 1awtf

UNITED STATES, District of Columbia, *County of Washington, to wit:*

IN CHANCERY.

August 13 1803.

Charles Wadsworth, complainant.

versus

Owen Roberts and wife, George N Nyler and John Harper, and James Keith—Defendants.

THE bill states that on the 8th day of August 1801, the defendant, Owen Roberts mortgaged to the complainant, certain property in the said bill mentioned to secure to the complainant the re payment of a sum of money lent by him to the defendant; and that afterwards on the 1st day of June 1802, the defendant Roberts having contracted a debt with the defendants Harper and Lyles, who although they knew of the previous mortgage to the complainant, procured a deed of trust to be executed by the defendants Roberts and Wife for the property mortgaged to the complainant, to the defendant James Keith, to secure to the defendants Harper and Lyles their claim against the defendant Roberts. The object of the bill is to obtain a decree for the foreclosure of the mortgage and a sale of the property therein mentioned, or so much thereof as will satisfy to the complainant, the sum of money lent to the defendant Roberts with all interest that has or shall accrue thereon. It is on the complainants motion ordered that he procure a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks before the fourth Monday in December next in the National Intelligencer and Washington Federalist, to the intent that the defendants may have notice of his application, and of the nature of his bill, and that they may be warned to appear here in person or by solicitor, on or before the said fourth Monday in December next, to shew cause if any they can, why the decree should not pass as prayed for in the said bill.

Copy, test. URIAH FORREST, Ck.

October 10. 3t1aw

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers, either in arrears, or whose subscriptions soon become due, are respectfully requested to forward the sums due, should no earlier opportunity occur, by the representatives to Congress who will agree to undertake the agency.

It will be understood that a year's payment in advance is always required; and that papers not paid for will be discontinued.

This notice is given to prevent the unpleasant necessity of discontinuing papers at the present interesting period, when a Session of Congress, of, perhaps, unprecedented importance, is about commencing.

Treasury of the United States,

Washington August 15, 1803.

WHEREAS by an act of Congress dated May the 8th, 1792, intitled "An act to provide for a Copper Coinage," in the second section thereof, it is enacted,

"That after the expiration of six calender months from the time when there shall have been paid into the Treasury by the said Director (of the Mint) in cents and half cents, a sum not less than fifty-thousand Dollars, which time shall forthwith be announced by the Treasurer in at least two gazettes or newspapers, published at the seat of government of the United states for the time being, no copper coins or pieces whatsoever, except the said cents and half cents, shall pass current as money, or shall be paid or offered to be paid or received in payment for any debt, demand claim, matter or thing whatsoever; and all, copper coins or pieces except the said cents and half cents, which shall be paid or offered to be paid or received in payment contrary to the prohibition aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and every person by whom any of them shall have been so paid or offered to be paid or received in payment, shall also forfeit the sum of ten dollars and the said forfeiture and penalty shall and may be recovered with costs of suit for the benefit of any person or persons by whom information of the incurring thereof shall have been given,"

And whereas it appears by the books of this office, that more than fifty-thousand dollars in cents and half cents have been so paid into the Treasury. I now therefore, in obedience to the said act, do hereby give public notice of the same.

TH. T. TUCKER.

Treasurer United States.

August 15. taw3m

NOTICE.

IN pursuance of the decree of the honorable the Chancellor of Maryland, the subscriber will expose to public sale, on the premises, on Tuesday the first day of November next, (if fair, if not the next fair day,)

A Tract of Land

containing 200 acres, lying in Charles county, formerly the property of Elisabeth Corry, late of said county, deceased. This tract of land is situated on Mattawoman Swamp, and is well adapted to the culture of Indian corn, wheat and tobacco. The purchaser must pass his bond with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale, for the payment of one half of the purchase money within 12 months, and the other half within 18 months from the day of sale. The land is rented for the present year to Mr. George Dixon, and possession will be given to the purchaser, on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and four.

THOMAS LANCASTER, Trustee.

New Port, October, 3. 1aw3t.

Taken up as a runaway the 1st August last a mulatto woman about 40 years of age 4 feet 11 inches high, her thumbs much disfigured by fellons also one of her finger's on the left hand, I understand she belongs to Mr. Taylor, Fells Point Baltimore. If the owner of said mulatto does not come forward, prove property and pay charges. Otherwise she will be sold for her jail fees agreeably to law.

ROBT. M'CALN, jailor, for

DANL. C. BRENT, Marshal of the district of Columbia, Co. of Washington.

October 3. 1aw3t

A

LIST of LETTERS

Remaining in the Post office at Washington city, on the first day of October, 1803.—

A.

Samuel Anderson, William Alison, Thomas Adams.

B.

Richard Butler, 3. Ben Blount Esq. Mrs. Sabinah Bonnan, Isaac Briggs, Esq. Col. Thomas Butler, Richard Bradshaw, Alexander Baxter, care of Robert Sjedo, Mrs. Blount, Aaron C. Brindley, John Bride, John Boggs, Richard Bardon, Daniel Bencroft, Geo. Stewart Ball, Mary Baker, Saml Beal, Patrick Beall, Hannah Band, Captain Billup, Lieut. John B. Barnes.

C.

James Colquhown, Esq. 2. Newton Cannon, Lewis Ciples, Caroline Clagett, care of Mr. Hanson, Zachariah Cox, 2. Abraham Cobett, Charles Constable, Benjamin Cuthbert, William Clingan, Elias Chandler, William Crane, Thos. M. Cullins, William Custard, Russell Canfield, care of Mr. Duane, Nathaniel M. Curteis, 2.

D.

Samuel B Davis, John D. Dickenson, Esq. Messrs. William Duncanson & Co. J. B. Dumouster, John Dunty, Daniel Delano, John Dunbare, George Delany, Elmer Davies, William Davidson.

E.

Daniel Eldridge, Matthew L. Edwards, Mrs. Mary Ellcott.

F.

John Fowler, Esq. M'Carty Fitzhugh, Esq. Solomon Forbes, Joseph Faudray, care of John Cherry.

G.

Col. Henry Gaither, 2. William Gray, Mr. Gird, James Gorham, Doctor Robert Grant.

H.

George S. Hackley, 2. Mr. Henfrey, John Harrison, Abijah Hunt, Colonel Wade Hampton, Mr. George Herring, Caty Hevener, Edward C. Handy, Charles Howel, John Herring, Ann Hand, James Harper, Joseph Higgins, Nathan Holmes, David Hutchings, James Holland, 3, Jeremiah Hunt, David Hagan.

I.

Judges of the Circuit Court, Mr. Johnson, Thomas Jamison, General William Irvine, Walter Irvine, Walter Irvine, William Johnston, William Jeffery.

K.

Asa King, Timothy Kelly,

L.

Doctor William Latimore, 4. Jacob Lewis, 3. Capt. Merriwether Lewis, 2. Benjamin H. Latrobe, Esq. 2. Colonel Tobias Lear, John Lewis, Christian Lantz, Hillary Lanham, Samuel Lane.

M.

Anthony Merry, Esq. 3. M'Cara & Aridge, Paul Marych, Esq. Capt. Daniel M'Neill, James M'Calley, Joseph Maxwell, Joseph M'Nemara, Thomas Mounger, Smallwood Middleton, Geo. Morrow, James Maines, John M'Cann, care of Mr. Charles M'Nance, Lieut. John M'Rea, Affinity M'Geough, Samuel Miller, 2.

N.

Samuel Nicholson, Esq. I. Nicholls, Increase Newhall, Haner Neall, Frederick Nash, Esq.

O.

Capt. John Osborn, Mr. John Otton.

P.

Dr. Ignatius Perez, Henry Peterson, David Phipps, Oliver H. Perry, Robert Plunkett, Mr. Joseph Parsons, George Powers, George Perkins, Ralph Potts, George Parker, Eleanor Pickerell, Jeremiah Plumer, Nathaniel Porter.

Q.

John Quinn.

R.

James Rannie, David Roberts, William A. Rind, 2. Daniel P. Ramsey, Doctor John Ridgely, Messrs. Ross & Simpson.

S.

Jacob Sohunk, Siah Symson, Captain Campbell Smith, Major Simeon Smith, Thomas Stansberry, Richard Stevens, Charles Shoemaker, Sacarusa and Longboard, (Indians.)

T.

John Thompson, William Tripp, Joseph Tallcat, Edward Tonge, Esquire. Michael Thomas, Robert [illegible], Nelly Thomas.

U.

William Usher.

W.

Thomas West, 2. George Willis, James Wilson, Thomas Winn, Humphrey Waterman, William Wayne, Joseph Watson, Abraham Werton, Joseph Wilson.

WAS committed to the jail of Baltimore county as a runaway, on the 13th inst. a negro woman who calls herself RACHEL MAY; she is about twenty four years of age, five feet two inches high, dark complection, much pock fretted—she has on a blue spotted calico gown and striped gingham petticoat. She says she was raised by col. Ezekiel Fekes, of Dorset county, on the Eastern shore. If she is not released, she will be sold for her jail fees, according to law.

James Wilson, Sheriff.

September [illegible]. 1awtf