question: Whether, on a supposition that there is no future state there would be any obligation to the practice of virtue, Respondent Mr. M'Allister: Opponents, Mr. Leiper, Mr. Wilcocks, and Mr. Shoemaker.

7. The Vice Provost's decision.

8. An Oration, on the evidence, which we have from reason, of the immortality of the soul, by Mr. Wilcocks.

9. An Oration, against Extravagance, particularly in the article of dress, by Mr Leiper

10. The Valedictory Oration, by Mr. Shoemaker.

11. The Conferring of the Degrees, by the Vice Provost.

What tho' I trace each herb and flower,
That drinks the morning dew;
Did I not own Jehovah's power,
How vain were all I knew?

Say what's the rest, but empty boast?
The villain's idle claim;
Who, having all the substance lost,
Attempts to grasp a name.

13. The Charge, by the Vice Provost.

14. An address to the Medical Graduates, by Dr. Barton, Dean to the Medical Professors.

15. The following song.

Come ever smiling Liberty,
And with thee bring thy jocund train;
For thee we wait, and sigh for thee,
With whom eternal pleasures reign.

16. The Benediction.

From the Aurora.

Extract of a letter to the Editor, dated
"Baskingbridge, June 10.

"It is much easier and safer too, to stop a fire at its first kindling, than after time and neglect have allowed it to rage. We will be justified in giving this early testimonial of the detestation and abhorrence with which the people of this part of our country in general read the rekindlings of that infernal spark of aristocracy and toryism apparent in some of your city papers. Here we have deemed it the duty of every republican to give a marked disapprobation of the first unfoldings of the mischief from which our country has been lately freed, in order that an expression of the *public mind* may crush in the bud the germ of *civil discord* which is too evident. This paragraph was intended to nourish, and which if neglected, might cost our happy country both blood and treasure. For this purpose you are requested to give the following resolutions a place in your paper, as it has the largest circulation of any we know, and you will much oblige a number of your republican friends, and in particular, yours, &c."

MEETING
OF THE COUNTY OF MORRIS.

June 6, 1802.

A meeting of the citizens of this vicinity, was held this day, at Howell's tavern according to previous notice, for the purpose of taking into consideration the publication of an article that appeared in Mr. Bradford's paper in Philadelphia, called "*The True American,*" of the 6th May last. The meeting chose Dr. William Leddel, chairman, and John M'Carter secretary—ordered that the paragraph be read which is as follows—

"A democracy is scarcely tolerable at any period of national history. Its omens are always sinister and its powers are unpropitious. With all the lights of experience blazing before our eyes; is it impossible not to discern the *futility of this form of government.* It was weak and wicked in Athens. It was bad in Sparta, and worse in Rome. It has been tried in France, and terminated in despotism. It was tried in England, and rejected with utmost loathing and abhorrence. It *is on its trial here and the issue will be civil war, desolation and anarchy.* No wise man but discerns its imperfections, no good man but shudders at its miseries, no honest man but proclaims its fraud, and no brave man *but draws his sword against its force.* The institution of a scheme of policy so radically contemptible and vicious, is a memorable example of *what the villainy of some men can devise,* the folly of others receive, and both establish in despite of reason, reflection, and sensation."

Whereupon resolved unanimously, as the sense of this meeting, that the authors and abettors of the above paragraph are enemies of the people and of the government they have established, and justly merit the contempt and execration of every freeman in our county.

Resolved, unanimously, as the sense of this meeting, that the said authors and abettors of the paragraph are guilty of a libel against the patriots who atchieved our independence and of treason against the peace and happiness of the United States, in thus daring to stimulate our citizens to draw their swords against each other.

Resolved, unanimously, as the sense of this meeting, that it is the duty of the citizens of the United States to repose confidence in the wisdom and integrity of the constituted authorities of our government, for the eminent proofs of attachment to the public good already given by them.

Resolved, unanimously, that we will resist, by every lawful means in our power the dissemination of such dangerous principles as are contained in the above paragraph, as destructive of our constitution and republican form of government; and for that purpose we will refuse our support, aid and patronage to every author, printer and publisher, who we find instrumental in attempting to poison the public mind with sentiments so daringly hostile to the principles of our government and ruinous to the peace and prosperity of our country.

Resolved, unanimously, that the proceedings of this meeting, signed by the chairman and secretary, be sent to the Aurora of Philadelphia, the True American of Trenton, the Journal of Elizabethtown, and the Centinel of Newark, for publication.

WILLIAM LEDDEL, Chairman.

Attest,

John M'Carter, secretary.

While the tricks of diplomacy and the arts of regular governments in Europe, are amusing the *gaping* millions—while Britain complains of French ascendancy on the European continent, and of her interference in Italy, Holland, Switzerland, the same species of work is carrying forward on the continent of Asia by the complainant. The Nawab of *Oude,* Vizier of the empire, was a short time ago deposed—in the midst of peace, and without a capitulation—the Nawab of the *Carnatic* was lately poisoned and his territory seized. *Mohumud Khan* son of the celebrated Fyzonlap Khan, the Rohillah, has been deprived of his territory guaranteed to him by those who have taken it under their protection. Only one Mahomedan power remained in the south of Hindostan, after the fall of Tippoo; the Nizam; this unfortunate prince, sunk in years, and a prey to his terror, was seduced by the British to take part in the two wars, which in the course of seven years the British had commenced against the Sultan of Mysore; he was promised to be placed at the head of the Mahomedans in rank, and in Hindostan, rank is power, glory, and riches—for all heads bow to rank: upon the first partition of Mysore by Cornwallis in 1792, the Nizam obtained a large share of the territory of his Mahomedan neighbor; in the second war, 1799, the territory was further augmented; the Nizam was grateful for the plunder of his neighbor bestowed on him by the great robber with whom he had leagued; the Nizam had several European officers, Swiss, Germans, &c in his service; and as the British were now his very good friends it was represented that he ought not to keep any other in his service, and he did not keep them, for they were sent as prisoners of war to Fort William, and thence dropped one at a time in different parts of Europe!—Two of them are now in the United States. The Nizam of course must feel perfect security under the protection of a nation that could so disinterestedly make him a present of territory containing nearly three millions of people—and what was more important yeilding a revenue of 80 lacks of rupees per annum. But as all things in this whimsical world are uncertain, it could not be supposed that the Nizam was to continue happy, rich, and powerful to all eternity, and with regard to human life, the present existence resembles eternity to him; so that as Mahomedans say, "it was the will of God," that the British should take a liking to the very territory of which they had plundered Tippoo and bestowed upon the Nizam. This is the latest act of the mercy of that beneficent government in India of which we have heard, it comes to us this way. Captain Kirkpatrick the resident at the Nizame's court (Hyderbad near the *mines of Colcond.*) lately concluded a *treaty* with the Nizam (here there was the ceremony of a treaty and no capitulation!) of which the sovereignty is ceded for ever to the English East India company, of all the territory acquired by the treaties of Seringapatam and Mysore, with the exception of certain districts near the river Toongbudra. The annual revenue of which is 60 lacks of rupees or about three millions of dollars per annum.

Aurora.

Prince George's County, Upper Marlboro', April 13, 1803.

At a stated meeting of a number of republican citizens of the said county to consider of measures proper to be pursued, preparatory to the ensuing election, THOMAS CONTEE, esq. in the chair, TRUEMAN TYLER, secretary, the following resolutions were adopted:

That WALTER BOWIE, esq. be requested to offer as a representative to the next Congress, and that it is the unanimous opinion of this meeting that he should be supported by this county.

Resolved, That Stephen West, Leonard Covington, Thomas Ducker, Clement Dyer and John M. Gantt Esqs. be a committee to communicate the above resolution to the republicans of Anne Arundel county, to inform them of Mr. Bowie's consent to serve, and request the support of the republicans of that county.

That it is the sense of this meeting that Stephen West, Esq be the candidate to represent this county in the state legislature in the room of Samuel Carr, esq. who has declined being a candidate.

Resolved unanimously that this meeting will support Robert Bowie, Archibald Vanhorn, Peter Wood and Stephen West, esqs. as proper persons to represent this county in the next General Assembly.

It is recommended that there be a committee appointed as soon as possible, by the republicans in each district in this county to consist of such members as at a meeting of the district shall be agreed upon.—This committee shall meet once in three weeks in the district until the first day in August next and once a week after until the election.

That each district appoint five persons to meet at Upper Marlboro' in general committee of the county once a month until the first day of August, and once a fortnight after until the ensuing election, and if a district shall fail to elect such members of a general committee then the committee of such district shall appoint five persons to attend the general committee of the county.

It shall be the duty of the district committee to correspond with the county committee, and of the county committee with a similar one in Anne Arundel county, if any such committee shall be appointed in that county.

The first meeting of the general committee to be the last Monday in June.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the National Intelligencer.

The whole of the property of John Fitzgerald, advertised for sale on the 21st ult could not on that or the succeeding day be set up, owing to previous engagements of the Vendue Master: it was then concluded as most eligible to postpone the sale of the residue until the 19th day of May, (inst.) There remain the Distillery, the piece of ground upon Wolfe and St. Asaph streets, & the tract of Land in the vicinity of the town, which will on that day be exposed to sale on the terms formerly advertised.

THOS. A. DIGGES, } Acting
JAMES KEITH, } Exec'rs.
May 10.

*** One of the Executors being obliged to attend the General Court in Anapolis, on the day appointed for the sale, a further postponement becomes necessary. Thursday the 23d day of June is appointed when the sale will certainly take place.

May 16.

☞ The Editors of the National Intelligencer and Balt. Fed. Gazette, are requested to insert the foregoing, three times a week, till the day of sale.

NOTICE.

THAT large, extensive, valuable Lot, with the Brick House and improvements in which Mr Adam King now keeps Store, will be exposed to public sale on the premises, at 1 o'clock on Wednesday the 1st day of June next—This property is situated near the centre of George-town, and on the best improved street—The house is spacious and convenient; the lot fronts 60 feet on High street, and extends 260 feet back. A clear indisputable title is vested in the subscriber as a trustee by conveyance from the Chancellor of Maryland, and will be given to the purchaser on payment of the purchase money, negociable notes with approved indorsers for equal third parts of the purchase money, payable in 60, 90 and 120 days will be required and must be given at the time of purchase, or the sale to be void, and resale take place.

PHILIP B. KEY.

May 30.

☞ *In consequence of Mr. Key's being unexpectedly detained at the General Court, the above sale is postponed until Friday the 24th of June, when the property will positively be offered for sale.*

NOTICE.

Mr. SAMUEL SPEAK

IS appointed, by the Legionary Court of the first Legion of the Militia, to collect the FINES incurred by the members thereof—commencing at the company meetings, held in November last.

W. D. BEALL, Adjutant.

June 17. 3w

WANTED,

One or two Boys to learn the BOOT and SHOE-MAKING Business.—Apply to *JOHN CROOKSHANK.*

George Town, Jan. 19, 1803. tf.

IMPORTANT.

NEW-YORK, June 16.

Capt. Thompson, of the ship American, who arrived yesterday in 30 days from Londonderry, has brought Irish prints to the 11th of May, and furnishes verbal accounts to the 15th. He was credibly informed that London papers received at Londonderry just previous to his sailing, mentioned, that Lord Whitworth had received a passport from Bonaparte, and was on his return to London; and that Gen. Andreossi had likewise demanded a passport for Paris—That the Channel and North Sea fleets were out—that orders were issued for blockading the ports of France, and that the French coasts, in the space of one week, were lined with British cruisers—The hottest impress ever known, had taken place in all the Irish ports; old men of 60 years not being spared. Every symptom of immediate hostilities prevailed, and there can be little doubt but that ere this, war is renewed between England and France.

A London article of the 2d of May, says—"Toussaint Louverture is dead. He died, according to letters from Besancon, in prison, a few days ago. The fate of this man has been singularly unfortunate, and his treatment most cruel. He died, we believe, without a friend to close his eyes. We have heard that his wife and children, tho' they were brought over from St. Domingo with him, have never been permitted to see him during his imprisonment."

The First Consul is said to have observed to Lord Witworth at a late levee of Madam Bonapartes's that he expected no success in a maritime war with England, and that hostilities must necessarily be directed against her in her own island; in which case he should feel it his inevitable duty to conduct the invasion in person.

LONDON, May 5.

This morning the following letter was received by the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, of which he immediately, with becoming zeal, sent copies to Lloyd's Coffee House and the Stock Exchange.

TO THE RIGHT HON. THE LORD MAYOR.

"*Downing-street, Thursday morning, eight o'clock, May 5, 1803.*

"Lord Hawkesbury presents his compliments to the Lord Mayor, and has the honour to acquaint his Lordship, that the negociation between this country and the French Republic is brought to an amicable conclusion."

The joyful intelligence spread throughout this large city, with the rapidity of lightning, and it is impossible to describe the demonstrations of satisfaction and joy which were every where expressed, though many affected to fear that the honour of the nation had been compromitted, and no little degree of ingenuity was exerted to find out the terms that had been agreed upon between the two governments for terminating the differences that had taken place.

At the Stock Exchange the effect was such as might have been expected from such pleasing intelligence. The 3 per cent Consols opened at 68, rose rapidly to 71 3-8, and were still looking up when a message came from the treasury to the Lord Mayor, between twelve and one o'clock, to acquaint him that the former letter was an impudent forgery!

It is impossible to describe the sensation produced by this notice; the stocks instantly tumbled to 63, 62 1-2 62, and the panic was such, that they would certainly have gone lower, had it not been thought adviseable to close up the Stock Exchange, which was accordingly done at one o'clock, instead of waiting till the usual hour.

Letters received at Edinburg on Friday last, from Petersburg, dated 29th March, say, "That the Russian fleet is ordered to be equipped with the greatest dispatch, and an army of 30,000 men to be got ready immediately, and every thing begins to assume the appearance of war."

Belfast May 10.

Belfast News letter office, May 10th 10 o'clock, A. M.

We stop the press to state the arrival of the London papers of Friday last, (May 6th) In a second edition of the Courier we find the following most important, though most unwelcome intelligence:

WAR.

House of Commons, quarter before Five o'Clock.

Mr. Addington has just declared to the House, that he expects Lord Whitworth in this country very speedily, and that general Andreossi has applied this morning for passports for his return. At the same time Mr. Addington stated, that the official communication could not be made to this house till his lordship's arrival in this country. He then moved that the House at its rising should adjourn to Monday.

Mr. Fox objected to this motion—he thought, under the circumstances of the country, the House ought to meet to-morrow.

Lord Hawkesbury could not conceive that any injury would arise from the delay proposed.

Mr. Grey moved an amendment, "that the House should only adjourn till to-morrow, instead of Monday."

Mr. Canning supported Mr. Grey's amendment.

The house is still sitting, and there is likely to be a division.

The Funds, Friday morning experienced great fluctuations. They opened at 63, rose to 65, fell back to 64; and at 12 o'clock were as low as 62 1-2.

From the Mississippi Herald.

DEPOSIT RESTORED.

His Excellency, *Manuel de Salcedo,* Governor General of Louisiana, has addressed to Governor Claiborne, a letter, of which the following is a translation.

Most Excellent Sir,

As the smallest circumstance respecting this important subject, is so interesting to the general satisfaction and tranquility of our respective governments, I take the particular pleasure in communicating to your Excellency, that yesterday at 12 o'clock, one hour after the arrival of the courier, the deposit for American merchandise and effects, was restored, and put on the footing it formerly stood.

God preserve your Excellency many years.

MANUEL DE SALCEDO.

New-Orleans, May 18th, 1803.

His Excellency *W. C. C. Claiborne,* Governor of the Mississippi Territory.

LEHIGH NAVIGATION

LOTTERY.

Second Class.

Five thousand dollars the highest prize!

THIS Lottery will positively commence drawing at the city of Philadelphia, on the first Monday of September next.

The prizes will be paid thirty days after its conclusion, of which public notice will be given. Such as are not demanded within twelve months shall be considered as relinquished for the benefit of the Navigation.

The Managers depend principally upon the proceeds of this lottery for finishing the Navigation of the Lehigh. This will open an intercourse by water to Philadelphia of above four hundred miles, including only twelve and an half miles portage near its conjunction with the Susquehanna at Wilkesbarre, thereby forming a new source of trade, affording a plentiful supply of coal, lumber, &c. the advantages of which will be immense; and an easy conveyance to the owners of lands and farms in the vicinity by which they can send their produce to market.

Tickets may now be had at five dollars of

George Taylor, jun. No. 67, }
William Blackburn, 117, } Chesnut
Edward Stow, 73, } Street.
James Glentworth, 34, }

March 15, 1803.

SCHEME.

	Doll.
1 Prize of 5000 dos. viz. Cash 3000, 20 shares stock 2000 } is	5000
1 two thousand dollars	2000
2 one thousand dollars	2000
6 five hundred dollars	3000
6 three hundred dollars	1800
6 two hundred dollars	1200
15 one hundred dollars	1500
20 fifty dollars	1000
75 twenty dollars	1500
1800 six dollars	10800
1st drawn number on the eighth day	600
1st do. twelfth	600
1st do. twentieth	1000
1st do. thirtieth	1000
1st do. thirty fifth	1000
1st do. last day	1000
	35,000

1938 prizes,
5062 blanks,

7000 tickets, at five dollars each, is 35,000

The prizes subject to a deduction of fifteen per centum. 2aw

NOTICE

Is hereby given to the creditors of ISRAEL LORING, that on the 15th day of June inst. at 10 o'clock A. M. the oath of an insolvent debtor, as prescribed by the Act of Congress for the relief of insolvent debtors within the District of Columbia, will be administered to the said Loring, and a Trustee appointed. That this notice be published in the Washington Federalist and National Intelligencer three times before the said 15th of June instant.

By order of Wm Cranch, Esq. assistant judge of the district of Columbia.

URIAH FORREST, Clerk.

June 10. 3t

ELISHA RIGGS,

Has just received from Philadelphia, A large supply of

Seasonable Goods, viz.

EMBOSSED and Coloured Muslins,
Very fine Mul Mul & Book do.
Lace Shades and Wide Laces,
Spangled Tiffiny and Blk. Fans,
Silk Cotton and thd. Hosiery,
Very fine Cambrick and long lawn,
Cotton Counterpins and Dimities,
Striped Silk for Coats,
Fancy Waistcoating and Janes,
9-8 and 7-8 Buff and Silk Chintzes,
London Cloths and Casimers,
Nankeens, Fustians and Checks,
White and Buff Cord for Uniforms,
Silver Lace and Blue Plumes,
Irish and German Sheetings,
Bed Prints and Ticking,
Men's light Beaver Hats,
Diaper Table Cloths.

ALSO,

Cheap Irish Linens,

And many other articles, which being bought at the best market, & will be sold very low for Cash.

George Town, June 15, M & F aw Faw.