WASHINGTON CITY.

FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1801.

OFFICIAL.

Appointment by the President of the United States.

HERMANUS H. WENDELL, to be marshal for the district of Albany.

In our last paper we announced the appointment of CHARLES PINCKNEY, as Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of Madrid.

With the political talents of Mr. Pinckney, we believe almost every citizen in the United States is well acquainted. He has with reputation to himself, and usefully for his country, successively filled a number of the highest offices in the gift of the people or the government. Early in the revolution he took a decided part, with our ardent patriots, and never ceased, during its struggles, to display talents and zeal in its promotion. He was a member of the old Congress, governor of South-Carolina, member of the Federal Convention, and Senator of the United States, when appointed to this mission.

Not satisfied with a discharge of duty in public bodies, he has, on several occasions, enlightened the public mind by the luminous discussion of controverted points.

But perhaps the most important service rendered to the United States by Mr. Pinckney, were those respecting the free navigation of the Mississippi.

In the year 1785, Mr. Pinckney being a member of the old Congress, Mr. Jay, in his character of Secretary for foreign affairs, made a report to Congress, on controversy with Spain on this subject, wherein he submitted a proposition that the *United States should cede to Spain the entire and exclusive navigation of the Mississippi for five years.* The cession, as proposed, was absolute, and contained no stipulation that at the expiration of that period the United States should enjoy the unlimited navigation of that river.

When this proposition was submitted to Congress, a large portion of that body, either from respect to Mr. Jay, or from concurring with him in opinion, was disposed to accede to it. Among its most distinguished opponents was Mr. Pinckney, who by the force of his talents in evincing the impolicy and injustice of the measure, contributed not a little towards frustrating it. The accomplishment of this end was no easy matter, as the subject, for a considerable length of time, engaged the attention of Congress, during which the proposition was warmly and uniformly opposed.

The most interesting, and probably the only point of essential importance existing between this country and Spain respecting the navigation of the Mississippi. The free navigation of its navigation to the United States has been secured by Treaty (which Treaty would not have existed, in all probability, had it not been for the exertions of Mr. Pinckney against Mr. Jay's proposition) yet it is very likely that important commercial arrangements may still be required to be made, previously to our citizens obtaining an entire participation in the benefits of the measure. With such arrangements, no man can be presumed to be better acquainted than Mr. Pinckney, from the talents and attainments he possesses, of obtaining a speedy and advantageous completion.

Great, indeed, we must consider an object, on which the commercial and agricultural interests of our western country already so populous and in rapid progress to incalculable numbers, will intimately, if not exclusively, depend.

By an official statement of the number of inhabitants in the district of Maine, it appears that that district contains 150,896 inhabitants.

In the ship Nancy, capt. George Hobbs, arrived at Baltimore from Amsterdam, returned to this country, R. G. Van Polanen, minister resident of the Batavian republic near the government of the United States, left America in the month of June, 1800, with the permission of his government.

The annual average of books, published in Germany, amounts nearly to 4000. The yearly publications in France, are not more than 1500. Those of Britain and Ireland, are four times under 2000. There are in Germany 300 publishing booksellers and not fewer than 15,000 authors.

Upon a diligent survey and return made by the clergy of Dublin, on the 24 ult. families in that City were found to contain 20,400 poor, in the most abject state of poverty.

SPAIN.—M. Urquijo, the Spanish Prime Minister, who was dismissed to make room for the Prince of Peace, is to be brought to trial for having conspired against the life of his rival. It is generally supposed in Spain that he will be condemned to lose his head. Several merchants of the administration are implicated in this affair. The whole extent of the conspiracy was unknown when the last accounts left Madrid; fresh arrests were daily taking place, and the utmost confirmation prevailed in that capital.

New-York July 21, 1801.

The ship Elizabeth, arrived yesterday, left Portsmouth the 8th of June—but unfortunately brought no newspapers. The captain, who says he daily perused the newspapers before his departure, informs us, that in consequence of the favorable state of the negociations between England and the northern powers, the embargo on Russian and Danish vessels in the ports of Great-Britain had been taken off; and on the day before he sailed, the vessels of those nations at Portsmouth, hoisted their colours on their liberation—that no later accounts had been received from Egypt, but those already published here; and that no news of any importance appeared in the London papers.

Captain Gardner, from Newry, informs, that previous to his sailing, accounts had been received of Bonaparte's landing in England. We are inclined to disbelieve this news, as capt. Parsons, who left England on the 8th of June, mentions nothing of the kind.

PHILADELPHIA, July 22.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Wilkesbarre, dated July 14, 1801, to his friend in this city.

"On the morning of the 10th instant, Col. Horne returned to this place, and communicated the following unpleasant information:—He had employed one Smiley, living on Tawanda creek, to take a number of declarations and get them signed by the settlers in that neighbourhood; he had obtained forty-five declarations, and on the morning of the 8th instant, about two o'clock, fifteen men, with their faces blacked, came to the house where he was, and compelled him to give up his papers, which they delivered to them, covered him with tar and feathers. Smiley had agreed to meet Mr. Horne at Asylum on the eighth, but not coming, Mr. Horne went a mile to him, who returned with the same information, and that Smiley was going directly to the west branch. As I conceived a correct statement from Smiley (under oath) to be necessary, I advised colonel Horne to go after him without delay; he accordingly did, and will make his report as soon as he obtains the necessary information. Smiley says he knew none of the persons concerned in this business, but I think it highly probable that they will be discovered, as the people generally appear affronted to bring them to punishment.—Col. Horne has eighty-four declarations signed; these, together with those delivered, are twenty in the hands of another person, will make about 60; what proportion of these were settled under Connecticut claims, I am not able to say."

Thirty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from this rendezvous the following soldiers belonging to the 1st Regiment of Artillerists and Engineers; ISAAC DAVI, about nineteen years old, five feet seven inches high, dark blue eyes, black hair, ruddy complexion, a farmer, born in this county and state.

JAMES NELSON, twenty two years of age, five feet six inches high, grey eyes, dark hair, fair complexion, by occupation a farmer, he is also a native of this state and county.

JAMES HENNING, twenty one years old, five feet nine and three quarter inches high, blue eyes, light hair, fallow complexion, by occupation a house carpenter, born in Berkeley county this state. They all deserted in their uniform. Any person apprehending the above deserters, shall receive thirty dollars upon delivering them to me, or any officer commanding in the service of the United States, or ten dollars for either of them.

RICHARD S. BLACKBURN,
Captain 1st Regt. artillerists and engineers, commanding.
Dumfries, Prince William county, Virginia, May 19, 1801. } 6w

At the Sale of Non Residents Land for Taxes,

Agreeably to an act of the Kentucky Assembly, we purchased, at Frankfort in November last, for a Company, the following described Tracts.

In whole name listed.	quantity Acres.	For whom entered, &c.	County and water Course.	Quantity purchased
Philips and Young,	200000	Philips & Young,	Scott & Franklin Eagle crk.	the whole
James Searle,	3000	Wm. Pollard,	Hardin, Green river,	do.
Samuel Sackett	3000	A. Burbour,	Burbour Licking,	do.
Richard Johnson,	2000	R. Johnson,	Jefferson, Floyd's Fork,	do.
Samuel Pearl,	540	S. Pearl,	Mason, Fartywo creek,	do.
Andrew Byrn,	500		Mason,	do.
Alexander Stewart,	500		Campbell,	do.
Dubartis Shepherd,	3000	D. Shepherd,	Clarke, Kentucky river,	2900 acr.
John Archer,	2000	J. Archer,	Harrifon, Williams river,	the whole
John Donnell,	2400	Donnell & Barr,	Licking,	do.
James Searle,	3000	Wm. Pollard,	Clarke,	1999 acr.
same,	2644 34	J. Donnell,	Mason,	2600 acr.
same,	1234	Dozier and Barr,	Mason,	650 acr.
Lawrence Slaughter,	3750	L. Slaughter,	Mason,	3500 acr.
Adam Banks,	200	A. Banks,	Mason,	40 acr.
Richard Johnson,	200	R. Johnson,	Mason,	150 acr.
Wm. Robinson,	2000	W. Robinson & Co.	Mason,	150 acr.
R. Ridgley, & S. Nathans,	3000	Ridgley & Ship,	Franklin,	2500 acr.
J. P. Harrifon.	663	J. P. Harrifon.	Shelby,	39 acr.

As we are desirous that the original owners of these lands should know who has become the purchasers, and are willing to give them up to the proper claimants on receiving an adequate compensation; we have thought proper to give notice, that applications from any person interested, made before the 1st of September next, will be attended to; after that time we will not entertain overtures bound to give the former a proprietor preference, but will proceed to do the best we can with our purchase. Letters addressed to either of the subscribers in Lexington, postage paid, will be answered.

C. BANK, } Agents for
THOMAS BODLEY, } the Company.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

WILL sell or lease for ten years, a valuable Farm, in the county of Culpeper, and state of Virginia, on the Flat Run, containing 750 acres the land is extremely fertile, and yields abundantly in the production of corn, wheat, and tobacco; there are about 200 acres of meadow land, 50 or 60 of which are cleared, and 15 acres well set in timothy, about 350 acres of the tract are timber and well included. This land is distant from Fredericksburg about 28 miles, and 55 miles from Alexandria and the City of Washington. There are several valuable meadows in the vicinity, one within the distance of a mile, where the Fredericksburg prices are given for hay at present.

I will also sell the Reversion of 230 acres of land adjoining the above, on which are erected a number of valuable buildings, among them a large dwelling house of 60 feet by 40, with four rooms on a floor, with fireplaces, and every necessary out-house—A valuable peach and apple orchard.

A further description is deemed unnecessary, as any person desirous of purchasing or leasing, will doubtless wish to view the premises. For terms apply to Robert Brooke Vos, Esq. who lives adjoining the premises, or to the subscriber.

I will also Sell or Rent,

Two three story brick houses in Alexandria, situated on King and Columbus, Fairfax street, with sundry valuable property near the same, possession whereof may be had immediately. The former for the flour and grocery business is equal to any in Alexandria.

For terms apply to Henry Thomas Moore, Alexandria, or to the subscriber.

NICHOLAS VOSS.

City of Washington, July 13, 1801.

N. B. I wish to hire by the month, or until the 1st day of November, ten or twelve laborers, for whom liberal wages will be given, apply to N. Voss, on F street, or W. I. Voss, at the Navy-Yard. 2awtf

THE SUBSCRIBERS

HAVE just received from Baltimore and Philadelphia, a handsome assortment of Spring and Fall goods, which they are now opening adjoining Dr. Thornton's upon F street, & which they offer for sale upon the most reasonable terms either for cash or country produce, viz.

Printed and plain marlles, Dimities of various kinds, Counterpanes, Striped nankeens, Bandanna and plaited handkerchiefs, Brown cambrics, Ratinets, tannys and durants, Moreens and Jones, Cloths and cassimeres, Swansdowns, Lace and edging, Men's Ladies' and boy's shoes and unfortunate boots, Buttons assorted, taffetas, Perfians, Sewing silk, Black mode, Ribbons well assorted, Shoe buckles first quality, Tambouring silk, Ladies gloves, long and short, Stuffs and Moroccos, Russia, Balafore handkerchiefs, A handsome assortment of medium handkerchiefs, White sheeting, Brown Holland, Irish linens, Humhumsand ginghams Plaitilas, cress &c. Jones, &c. &c. Muffinets, fans, &c. Ivory combs, Shire buttons, buttons molds, Elastic suspenders, Stationery of various kinds, Hyson tea, Madeira wine and loaf sugar, Coffee, old spirits, gin, & pepper, Oznabrigs, dowlas, Carpetting, &c.

The best James River chewing tobacco, with a variety of other useful articles too tedious to mention.

ROBERT CAMP, & Co.

☞ Who offer their services to the public in the Auction and Commission business.

City of Washington, July 10, 1801. 2awsw

NAVY DEPARTMENT,

June 7th, 1800.

Regulations for ascertaining and fixing the Pensioners, and payment of pensions on the Navy establishment of the United States.

I. Obtain a pension the party must produce to the Secretary of the Navy a certificate from the commander of the ship or vessel on board of which he sustained the injury, which incapacitates him; or in the case of a marine, the commanding officer of the marine corps, or commander of a detachment as the case may require; in the latter case however, if the injury received on board a vessel of war, the certificate of the surgeon will also be required, if on shore, that of some respectable medical character who has attended to the same—received while he was acting in the line of his duty, specifying the nature and amount of the disability, the cause of the disaster in which he acted, and the monthly pay to which he was entitled at the time of sustaining the injury. On such certificate being produced, and being satisfactorily to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Navy, that the disability still exists and is likely to continue, he will at once direct the applicant to be placed on the books of the Loan Office of the state in which he resides, and the loan officer will make the payments half yearly, viz. On the 1st of January, and 1st of July, to the party in person or his legal attorney during his life or the continuance of his disability. But if the pension is to be paid on a power of attorney, the loan officer must have it ascertained by the certificate of a Justice of the peace of the county where the pensioner resides, that he was living, and that his disability continued, in the month next preceding that which the pension is to be paid every year, and must transmit the same to the Accountant of the Navy with the necessary receipts as vouchers for his allowance.

Each pension to be placed on the pension list, must receive at the Navy Office a certificate in the following manner,

A. B. Seaman, &c. having been disabled in the service of the United States, on board of the ship of war while acting in the line of his duty, is entitled to receive dollars per month, from the loan officer of the state or payable half yearly, on the 1st of January and 1st of July in every year during his life or continuance of such disability, to be commenced from the day of

The same will be paid to him in person or on his legal power of attorney. But no money will be paid on a power of attorney, unless the said A. B. shall first do the loan officer of said state, the certificate of a Justice of peace of the county wherein he shall reside, that the said A. B. appeared before the said justice in the month preceding that in which the 1st instalment is to be made and that his disability if payment is

Signed

BENJ. STODDERT.

The foregoing regulations are filled in force—By order,

Ab. THOMAS, P. Clk.

Navy Department, June 17 1801. 3awsm

LAND FOR SALE.

On the 28th day of September next, will be sold at Public Auction, at Mr. Stille's Hotel, in the City of Washington, (if not sold before at private sale)

Two Tracts of Land, lying on the Eastern Branch of Potomac river, and within the Federal City, containing one hundred and ninety-two acres. On each of their tracts is a quantity of good ash wood, within a few yards of the river, and the greater part, if not the whole, of said land, at a moderate expence, may be made excellent meadow. There is on one of the tracts an eligible situation for a dwelling-house, with about four acres of excellent upland suitable for a garden. Sale to commence at three o'clock, when the conditions will be made known. Information may be had from the subscriber at the Navy-yard.

GEORGE FRANK,
On the premises, or of THOMAS HERTY, Conveyancer City of Washington.

July 20, 1801. 2awsw