

SOUTHERN BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED
VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS, BUILDING 69

(Southern Branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer
Soldiers, Barracks)

(Hampton Veterans Affairs Medical Center, Domiciliary Section)

(Hampton Veterans Affairs Medical Center, Domiciliary
Section/Barracks Company S)

(Hampton Veterans Affairs Medical Center, Building 69)

Harris Avenue

Hampton

Virginia

HABS VA-1210-H

VA-1210-H

PHOTOGRAPHS

WRITTEN HISTORICAL AND DESCRIPTIVE DATA

FIELD RECORDS

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY

National Park Service

U.S. Department of the Interior

1849 C Street NW

Washington, DC 20240-0001

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY

SOUTHERN BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS, BUILDING 69

(Southern Branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, Barracks)
(Hampton Veterans Administration Medical Center, Domiciliary Section)
(Hampton Veterans Administration Medical Center, Domiciliary Section/Barrack Company S)
(Hampton Veterans Affairs Medical Center, Building 69)

HABS
VA-120-H

HABS No. VA-1210-H

(page 1)

Location: Harris Avenue

Significance: This building was erected after the completion of a facility master plan by John Calvin Stevens in 1906. Stevens received the contract for the completion of the master plan the subsequent contract to design buildings at the facility in an open patch of land that served as a garden at the northwest end of the facility. Increased need for residential facilities and dining facilities prompted this building's construction for the growing member population during the early 20th century. Constructed in 1908, it served as a barracks for members through 1997.

Description: Constructed in 1908, this building is situated among buildings dating to the same period that exhibit similar architectural characteristics. Sited with Buildings 70, 71 and 72, these buildings were originally connected with walkways, which allowed patients to move between them. The building is brick construction laid in 5-course American bond and is two stories. Topped by a hipped roof, it has symmetrical facades with a prominent one-story Colonial Revival porch on the main façade with square brick columns articulated with stone bases and capitals. Windows punctuate each elevation at regularly spaced intervals and comprise nine-over-nine double-hung sashes with three-light transoms. The windows are articulated with soldier course brick segmental arches accentuated by stone keystones and springers. The double-leaf doors on the east and west elevations feature wood fanlights framed by a rounded brick arch embellished with soldier course bricks and stone keystone and springers.

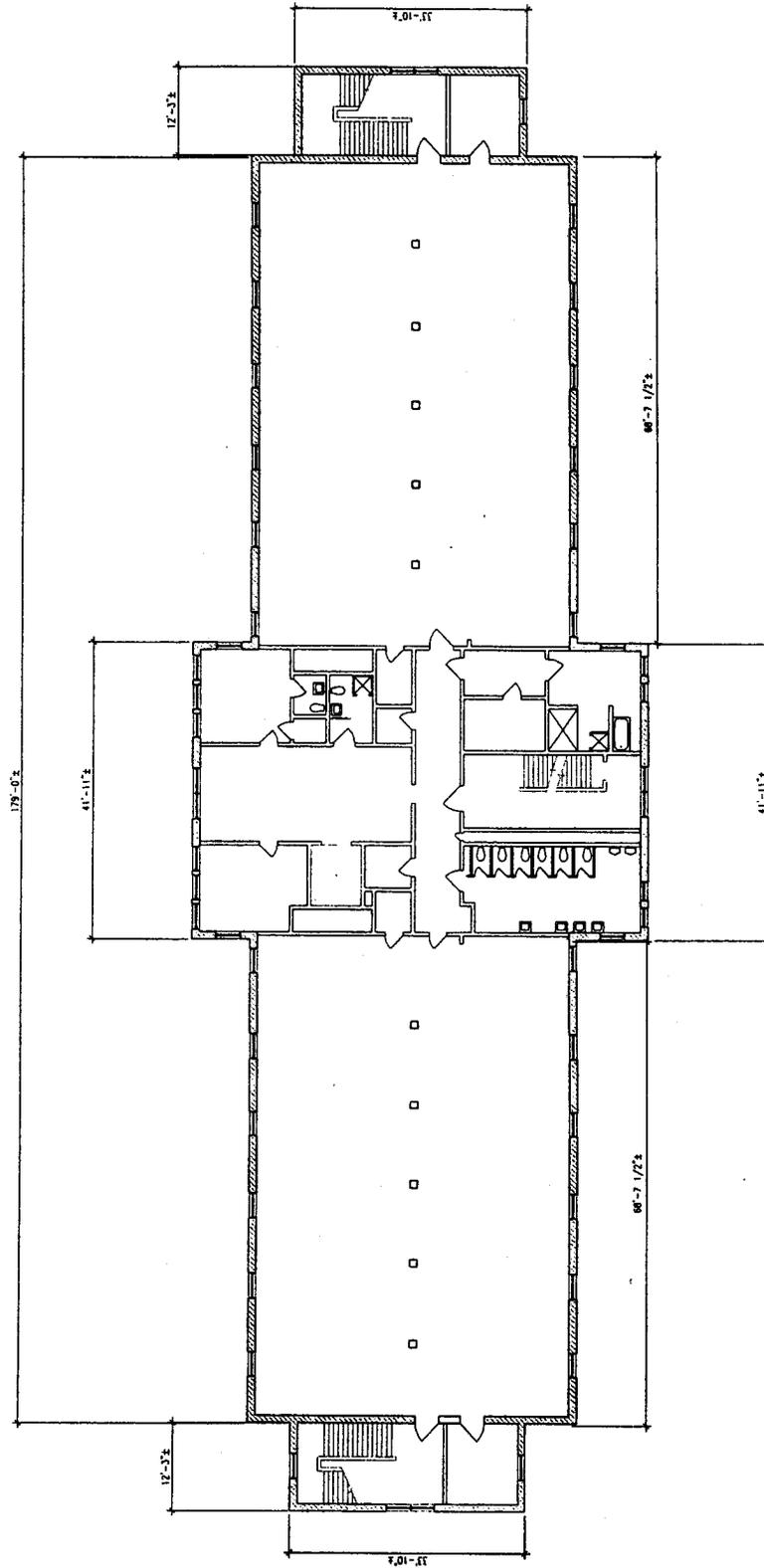
The interior of the building comprises a core of offices, lavatories, elevator, and stairs. The building ends comprise open dormitory spaces with chamfered posts supporting the ceiling. Stairwells are also found at the building ends. Modifications to the building include changes made to the interior configuration with the addition of office partitions on the first story at the west end. The porch was enclosed and converted for use as offices. A one-story addition was made at the west end of the building.

History: Building 69 was constructed as a barracks in 1908 and was designed by John Calvin Stevens, of Portland, ME. This was one a number of buildings erected during this period, including a chapel, dining hall and barracks within Stevens's plan, which used "Garden City Movement" plans, which provided for more connection among the buildings. Stevens designed the buildings in the Colonial Revival style, which was prevalent during this period, echoing the heritage of the United States.

The building's use remained constant at the Home though changed over time to outpatient treatment facilities.

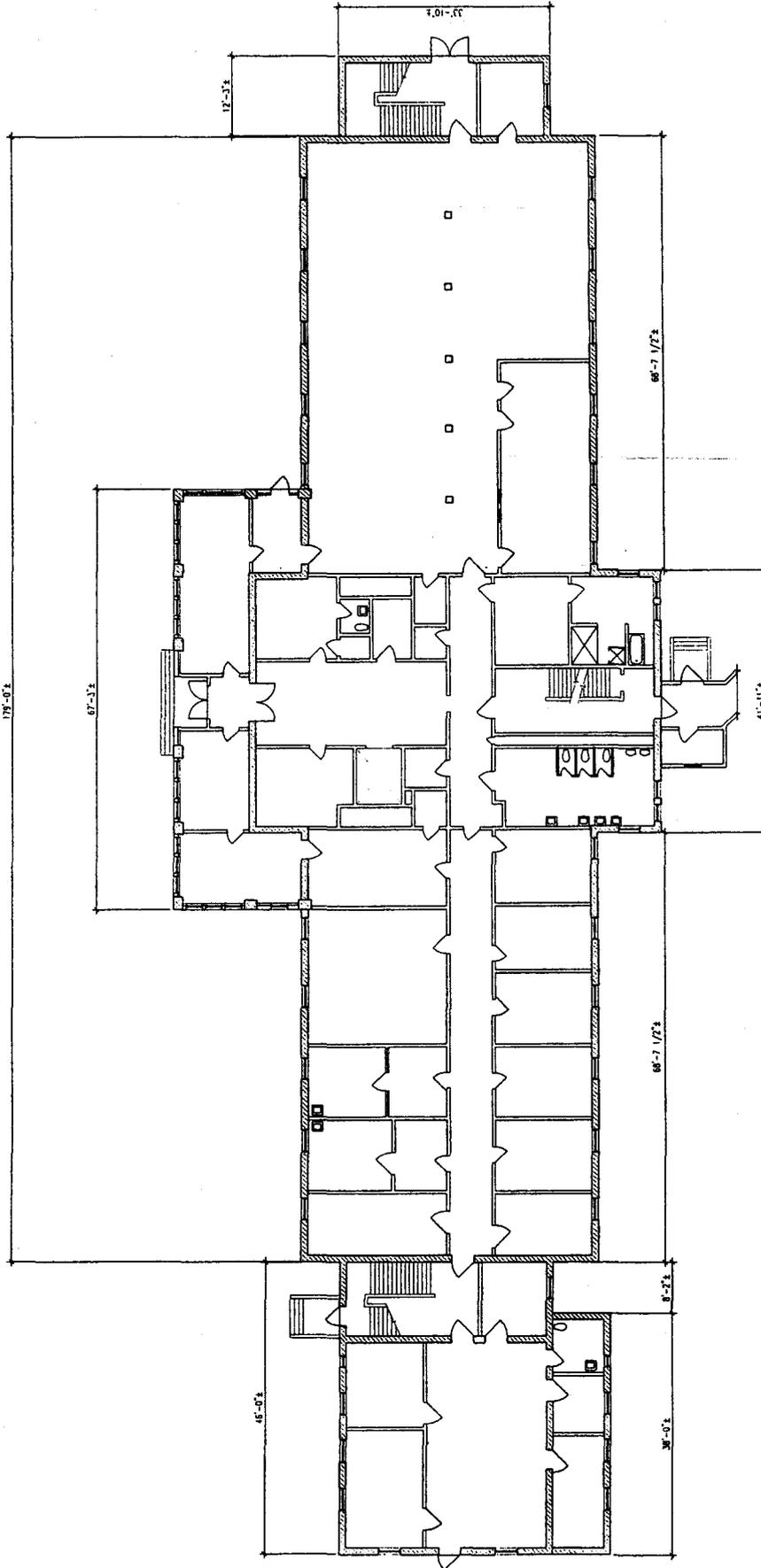
Sources: Elizabeth Jo Lampl and Kristin M. Fetter, Robinson & Associates, Inc., "National Register of Historic Places nomination: Southern Branch-National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers," National Park Service, 1994. The historic district has been determined for listing in the National Register of Historic Places and the determination is located in the History Division, National Park Service.

Historian: Kimble A. David, Architectural Historian, 2008.



SOUTHERN BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL HOME FOR VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS - BUILDING 69
2ND FLOOR PLAN
1/8" = 1'-0"



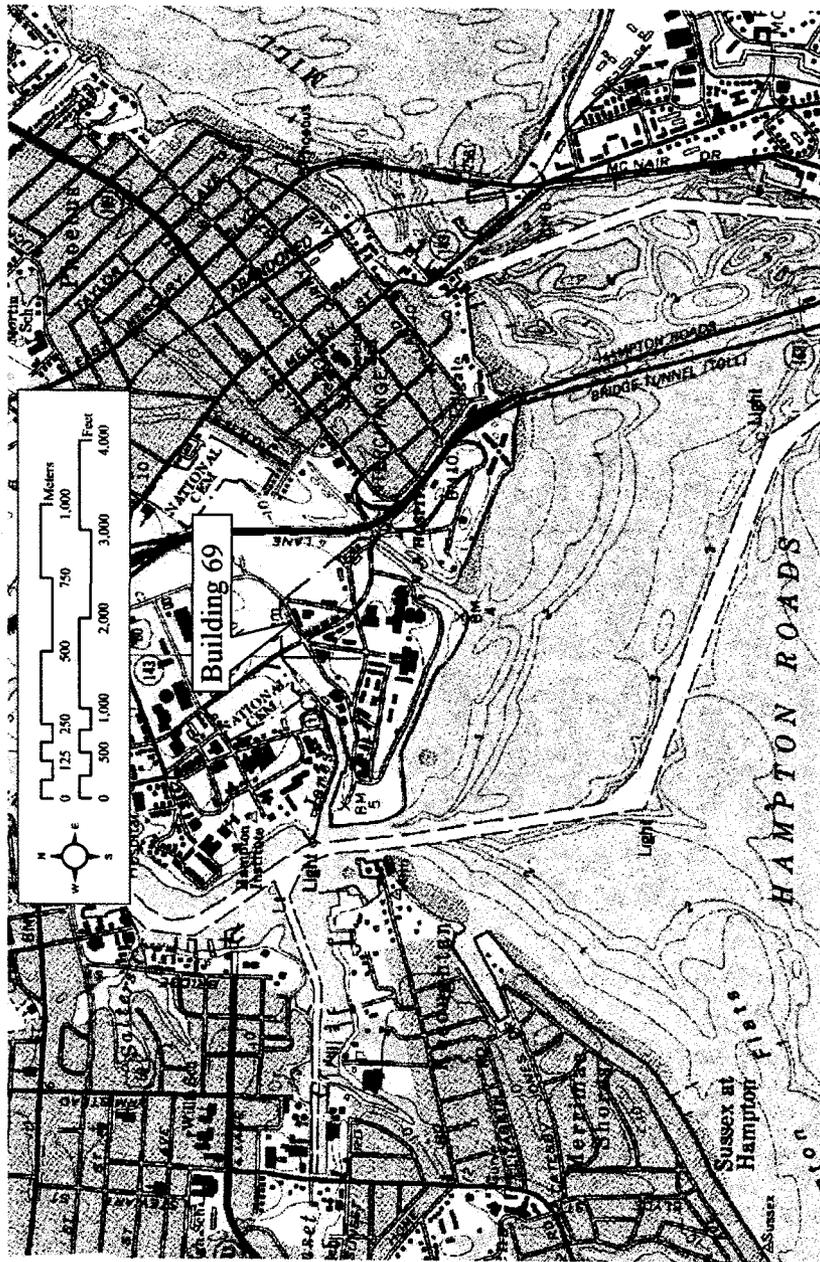


SOUTHERN BRANCH OF NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS, BUILDING 69
 FIRST FLOOR PLAN
 1/8" = 1'-0"



SOUTHERN BRANCH OF THE
NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS
HABS No. VA-1210-H

(Page 5)



DRAWN BY: DAVID DIENER

ADDENDUM TO:
SOUTHERN BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED
VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS, BUILDING 69
(Southern Branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer
Soldiers, Barracks)
(Hampton Veterans Affairs Medical Center, Domiciliary Section)
(Hampton Veterans Affairs Medical Center, Domiciliary
Section/Barracks Company S)
(Hampton Veterans Affairs Medical Center, Building 69)
Harris Avenue
Hampton
Virginia

HABS VA-1210-H
VA-1210-H

PHOTOGRAPHS

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
National Park Service
U.S. Department of the Interior
1849 C Street NW
Washington, DC 20240-0001