

baillie to his second son. The following is his eldest son, Alexander, whom we have seen before as having Malcomestoun. His father must have died soon after this date (1500), and he must have succeeded and held Sauchie for a short time until 1504, for we have a]

Precept direct to William Monteith de Carse, Knight, ac vicecomitatum de Clackmannan, for infefting of Alexander Broun as heir to his father, *Alexander Broun*, who died last, seized of tota et integra dime-dietatum Terrarum Baronice de Sauchy, &c., which had been in the king's hands by non-entry for six years, 1510. (Crawfurd's Notes of Sauchie Writs.)

Alienation by William Broun of Gardenkeir to James Shaw of Sauchy, Knight, of his lands of Gardenkeir, 1511. (Ibid.)

Among the Cumber-Colstoun Writs are letters by Alexander Stewart, Archbishop of St. Andrews, showing that William Broun of Colstoun sold to James Shaw of Sauchie, Knight, the lands of Gardenkeir in the shire of Clackmannan, belonging heritably to the said William Broun, and held by him in chief of the Monastery of Dunfermline, and hereby granting to the said William Broun and his heirs and assignees the reversion of the said lands, and in payment of the price thereof. Dated at the Monastery of Dunfermline, 28 August, 1511. (Cumber-Colstoun Writs, No. 31.)

[This William is the younger brother of the Alex-